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To:	MMM Design Team	Date:	May 19 th , 2016
From:	MMM Structural Department	Job No.:	3214006
Subject:	Trafalgar Road Improvement Study -	Structural Structural	Site Visit

STRUCTURE IDENTIFICATION SHEET				
STRUCTURE NA	ME 1183230 BR	01		
SITE NUMBER	1183230 BR01	M	FO DISTRICT	N/A
HIGHWAY	Above Unknow	wn Stream	Below N/A	
TYPE OF STRUC	TURE Reinforced	CIP Concrete Rigi	d Frame Box Culvert	
NUMBER OF SPA	ANS 1 S	PAN LENGTHS	9.0 m	
ROADWAY WID	TH 10.3 m		YEAR BUILT	Unknown
DIRECTION OF S	STRUCTURE East	-West		
SEQUENCE NUM	IBER N/A	ТС	WNSHIP NUMBER	N/A
LHRS NUMBER	N/A	BRIDGE NU	MBER (MUNIC.)	N/A
LOCATION	Trafalgar Road (0.4km N. of 15 Side		RISDICTION Hal	ton Region
INSPECTOR'S NAME William Van Ruyven, P.Eng				
PARTY MEMBERS Colin Smyth				
DATE OF INSPE	CTION Novem	ıber 5, 2015		
TEMPERATURE	12 °C	WEATHER	Overcast	
MTO REGION	N/A	AADT >1	0,000	
DECK RIDING SURFACE Asphalt				
YEAR LAST REHABILITATED 2012				



KEY PLAN

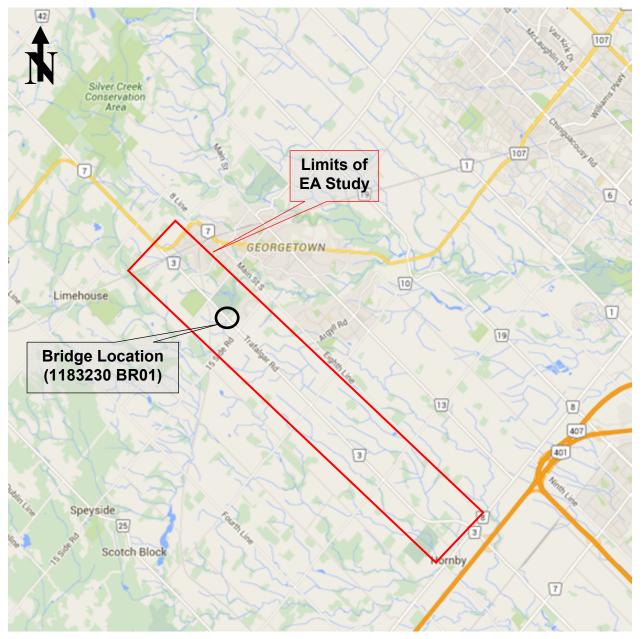


Figure 1: Trafalgar Road Improvement Class EA Study Existing Structure at Black Creek



1. INTRODUCTION

The MMM Group Ltd. (MMM) was retained by the Regional Municipality of Halton to complete a Class Environmental Assessment (Class EA) Study for Trafalgar Road (Regional Road 3) from Steeles Avenue (Regional Road 8) to Highway 7, in the Town of Milton. The study addressed the need for roadway improvements along this corridor. The study was carried out in compliance with Schedule "C" of the Municipal Engineers Association "Municipal Class Environmental Assessment" (2000, amended 2007, 2011 and 2015).

As part of the Class EA, a reinforced concrete rigid frame bridge (1183230 BR01) was visually inspected in accordance with the *Ontario Structure Inspection Manual*, 2008 (OSIM). The following is a summary of the findings from the field investigation completed by MMM on November 5th, 2015.

2. STRUCTURE LOCATION

The existing structure is located approximately 0.4 km north of 15 Side Road on Trafalgar Road and crosses over Black Creek. For the purpose of this memo, Trafalgar Road assumed to run in the north-south direction.

A Key Plan showing the structure location has been provided on page 1 of this memo.

3. STRUCTURE AND ROADWAY DESCRIPTION

3.1 Structure

The existing structure, of unknown original construction date, consists of a single 9.1 m span rigid frame bridge with a sidewalk on the west and concrete parapet walls on either side. An asphalt wearing surface and waterproofing system has been applied on top of the concrete deck. The bridge is 13.3 m wide with a vertical clearance ranging from 2.7 m to 3.1 m.

The bridge was rehabilitated in 2012 including patch repairs to the soffit, replacement of the sidewalk, curb and parapet walls, a concrete overlay and new waterproofing and pavement. The bridge is generally in good condition with local spalls on the sidewalk and parapets.

Original drawings are not available for the bridge; however, the 2012 rehabilitation drawings are available and have been reviewed by MMM.

In addition, adjacent to the existing bridge (to the southeast and southwest) are two reinforced concrete retaining walls that will need to be removed and replaced to facilitate the future road widening. Also, a catch basin located immediately adjacent to the existing bridge and the subsequent outlet to the east of the structure will have to be removed and replaced.



3.2 Roadway

Trafalgar Road is a Regional Arterial road which supports the movement of people and goods (i.e. truck uses). The road currently carries one 3.5 m wide northbound lane and one 3.5 m wide southbound lane of traffic with 1.65 m shoulders and a 1.58 m sidewalk to the west. The anticipated future cross section will carry two lanes of traffic in each direction, as well as a multi-use trail on the east side and a sidewalk on the west side.

3.3 Traffic Data

The posted speed at the bridge is 60 km/h; however, throughout the study area on Trafalgar Road, the speed limit increases to 80 km/h and the AADT is greater than 10,000 vehicles per day. The design speed for Trafalgar Road through the area of the Black Creek crossing is 80 km/h.

4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT FINDINGS

This investigation consisted of a preliminary site investigation to evaluate the feasibility of the Trafalgar Road widening. The existing structure is generally in good condition with potential for extension or twinning.

4.1 Abutment and Wingwalls

The abutments have some wet staining and efflorescence approximately 1 m above the waterline. The wingwalls are generally in good condition.

4.2 Soffit

The soffit is generally in good condition with local patches and stained cracks (see Photo 5).

4.3 Deck top and Sidewalk

With the exception of a local spall on the sidewalk at the southwest corner of the bridge, the deck top and sidewalk appear in good condition.

4.4 Barriers and Railings

The barrier wall appears to have been replaced during the previous rehabilitation (2012) and appears in good condition. Narrow cracks and a local spall were observed at the southeast limit of the barrier wall (see Photo 9).

4.5 Approaches

The wearing surface is in good condition with medium unsealed transverse cracks at the ends of the approach slabs (see Photo 10).

4.6 Utilities

Overhead utility wires were noted to the west of the bridge as well as a single utility duct was along the west fascia of the bridge.



5. CONSULTATION AND PROPOSED REHABILITATION

Initially the proposed Trafalgar Road widening was to be accommodated with a twinning of the existing bridge to the east; however, subsequently a review of the road profile and hydraulics has suggested that the existing waterway restrictions will result in flooding of the roadway during a regional storm event. Therefore, the road profile is proposed to be raised by approximately 2-3 metres and the existing structure will be removed and replaced by a new bridge.

It is anticipated that the proposed widening will require acquisition of property east and west of the current road right-of-way. In addition, the concrete retaining walls to the southeast and southwest of the structure will both need to be relocated.

Prepared By: William Van Ruyven, P.Eng. Reviewed By: Max Nie, P.Eng.

PHOTO LOG Bridge 400m North of 15 Side Road (118323 BRO1)



Photo 1: East elevation



Photo 2: Downstream (west)





Photo 3: East fascia



Photo 4: Southeast embankment





Photo 5: Soffit local patch repairs



Photo 6: Retaining wall to the southwest

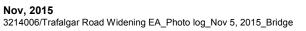






Photo 7: Retaining wall to the southeast



Photo 8: Looking north over structure





Photo 9: Southeast Delaminated Barrier



Photo 10: Unsealed Crack at North Approach (typical)





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From:	MMM Structural Department	Job No.:	3214006
Subject:	Trafalgar Road Improvement Study -	Structural	Site Visit

STRUCTURE IDENTIFICATION SHEET					
STRUCTURE NAME 1182960 CU01 & 1182960 BR01					
SITE NUMBER	1182960 CU	J01 & 1182960 BR01	MTO DISTRICT	N/A	
HIGHWAY	Above	Unknown Stream	Below N/A		
TYPE OF STRUC	CTURE F	Reinforced CIP Concre	te Rigid Frame Box Culverts		
NUMBER OF SP	ANS $1\&2$	SPAN LENG	GTHS		
ROADWAY WID	TH 12 –	13.5 m	YEAR BUILT	1980	
DIRECTION OF	STRUCTUR	E East-West	_		
SEQUENCE NUM	IBER N/A		TOWNSHIP NUMBER	N/A	
LHRS NUMBER	N/A	BRID	GE NUMBER (MUNIC.)	N/A	
LOCATION	Trafalgar R (0.4km & 1	oad .0 N. of Steeles Ave.)	JURISDICTION Halt	on Region	
INSPECTOR'S N	AME Wil	liam Van Ruyven, P.E.	ng.		
PARTY MEMBE	RS Coli	n Smyth			
DATE OF INSPECTION November 5, 2015					
TEMPERATURE	12 °C	WEA	THER Overcast		
MTO REGION	N/A	AADT	5 >10,000		
DECK RIDING SURFACE Asphalt					
YEAR LAST REHABILITATED Unknown					



KEY PLAN

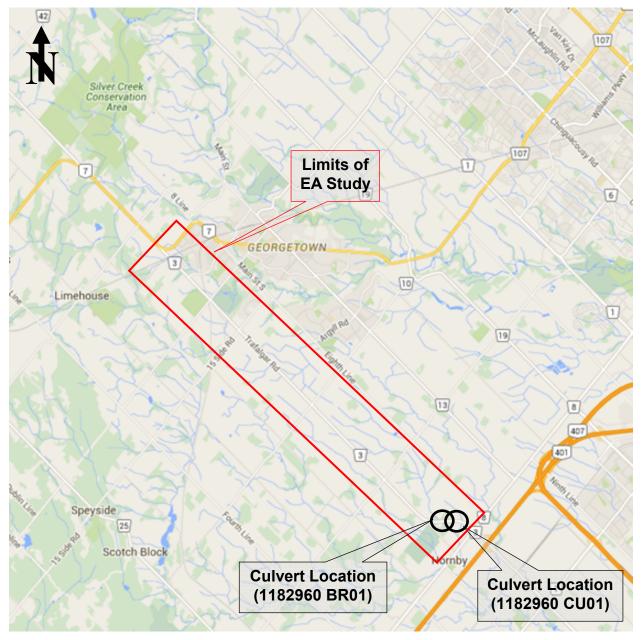


Figure 1: Trafalgar Road Improvement Study Existing Structures



1. INTRODUCTION

The MMM Group Ltd. (MMM) was retained by the Regional Municipality of Halton to complete a Class Environmental Assessment (Class EA) Study for Trafalgar Road (Regional Road 3) from Steeles Avenue (Regional Road 8) to Highway 7, in the Town of Milton. The study addressed the need for roadway improvements along this corridor. The study was carried out in compliance with Schedule "C" of the Municipal Engineers Association "Municipal Class Environmental Assessment" (June 2000).

There are two concrete structural box culverts in the project study area. As part of the Class EA, a reinforced concrete box culvert (1182960 CU01) and a twin cell reinforced concrete box culvert (1182960 BR01) were visually inspected in accordance with the *Ontario Structure Inspection Manual*, 2008 (OSIM). The following is a summary of the findings from the field investigation completed by MMM on November 5th, 2015.

2. STRUCTURE LOCATION

The structures are located approximately 0.4 km and 1.0 km north of Steeles Avenue on Trafalgar Road for the single cell and twin cell culverts respectively. For the purpose of this memo, Trafalgar Road assumed to run in the north-south direction.

A Key Plan showing the structure locations has been provided on page 1 of this memo.

3. STRUCTURE AND ROADWAY DESCRIPTION

3.1 Reinforced Concrete Box Culvert (1980, 1182960 CU01)

The reinforced concrete box culvert is 3.1 m wide by 2.4 m tall and approximately 28 m long with 250 mm thick walls and roof slab. The culvert is approximately perpendicular to Trafalgar Road with no head or wing walls. Original drawings are not available for the culvert.

3.2 Twin Cell Reinforced Concrete Box Culvert (1980, 1182960 BR01)

The twin cell reinforced concrete box culvert consists of two 3.1 m wide by 2.4 m tall and approximately 25 m long with 280 mm thick walls and 300 mm thick roof slab. The culvert is skewed approximately 60 degrees to Trafalgar Road with no head or wing walls. Original drawings are not available for the culvert.



3.3 Roadway

Trafalgar Road is a Regional Arterial road which supports the movement of people and goods (i.e. truck uses). Trafalgar Road currently carries a 3.50 - 3.75 m wide lane with a 2.0 - 3.0 m shoulders in either direction in this area. The posted speed at the culverts ranges from 60 - 70 km/h; however, throughout the study area along Trafalgar Road, the speed limit increases to 80 km/h and the AADT is greater than 10,000 vehicles per day. The anticipated future cross section will carry two lanes of traffic in each direction and a multi-use trail on the east only. The design speed for Trafalgar Road through the area of the twin cell box culvert crossing is 90 km/h.

4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT FINDINGS

This investigation consisted of a preliminary site investigation to evaluate the conditions of the structural culverts and the feasibility to accommodate the widening of Trafalgar Road.

4.1 Reinforced Concrete Box Culvert (1980, 1182960 CU01)

The culvert is generally in good condition with efflorescence and wet stains.

4.1.1 Culvert Barrel

The existing box culvert is generally in good condition, with some wet cracks and efflorescence on the soffit and barrel walls (see Photos 3 and 4).

4.1.2 Watercourse

The watercourse flows from east to west and is heavily vegetated at the inlet and outlet (see Photos 1 and 2). Low flows were observed at the time of inspection.

4.1.3 Approaches

The asphalt pavement approaches are in good condition (see Photos 5 and 6).

4.1.4 Railing

The steel beam guide railing is in good condition (see Photos 5 and 6).

4.1.5 Embankments

The embankments at all four quadrants of the culvert appear stable and are well vegetated (see Photos 1 and 2).

4.1.6 Utilities

Overhead hydro wires are located to the east of the culvert. South of the structure street lighting is provided; however there is no lighting to the north of the culvert.



4.2 Twin Cell Reinforced Concrete Box Culvert (1980, 1182960 BR01)

4.2.1 Culvert Barrel

The existing twin cell box culvert is generally in good condition, with some wet cracks and efflorescence on the soffit and barrel walls. A recent rehabilitation including chip and patch repairs to the soffit was completed in 2014; however, a crack and rust staining was noted in a delaminated concrete patch. Failed patches should be removed and replaced. In addition, approximately 3 m from the east end of the south span, a partially repaired area (with saw cut only) should be chipped, scaled and patched (see Photos 11 and 14).

A local spall on the fascia and scour/undermining were present at the upstream (east) end of the culvert (see Photos 12 and 13). Should the culvert be extended, these deteriorations will be removed as part of the extension.

4.2.2 Deck Top and Exterior Walls

Longitudinal full depth cracks were noted along the top of the exterior and centre wall (likely a construction joint). This is not anticipated to impact the function of the structure (see Photo 9).

Due to the skew of the culvert and absence of wingwalls, there is a significant portion of culvert that is exposed beyond the road limits. The deck top is generally in good condition with no visible defects.

4.2.3 Watercourse

The watercourse flows from east to west and is generally free of obstruction. During the field investigation, the majority of the flow was passing through the south cell while the north cell has a higher invert elevation due to sediment accumulation (see Photos 17 and 18).

4.2.4 Approaches

The asphalt pavement approaches are in good condition with light ravelling.

4.2.5 Railing

The steel beam guide rails along the east and west sides of the road are in good condition.

4.2.6 Embankments

The embankments at all four quadrants of the culvert appear stable and are well vegetated.

4.2.7 Utilities

No utilities were noted during the field investigation.



5. CONSULTATION AND PROPOSED REHABILITATION

In conclusion, based on the observations made during this site visit, the existing structure of both culverts are generally in good condition. It is anticipated that the proposed widening of Trafalgar Road will require an extension of the existing culverts including new wingwalls, headers and relocation of the existing railing. In addition to these modifications, the following proposed repairs are recommended:

- removal of all delaminated and deteriorated concrete (including previous patches); and,
- local patch repairs and place additional steel reinforcement in areas when existing reinforcement is deteriorated.

Subsequent to the field investigation, hydraulic analysis of the twin cell culvert has recommended the addition of a third cell immediately adjacent to the existing structure. Based on the observations made during the site visit, the addition of a third cell is feasible.

Prepared By: William Van Ruyven, P.Eng. Reviewed By: Max Nie, P.Eng

PHOTO LOG 400 m North of Steeles Avenue (Culvert 1182960 CU01)



Photo 1: East elevation



Photo 2: West elevation





Photo 3: Efflorescence and wet staining



Photo 4: Wet staining along barrel





Photo 5: Wearing Surface (typical)



Photo 6: Approach Roadway above Culvert



PHOTO LOG 1 km North of Steeles Avenue (Culvert 1182960 BR01)



Photo 7: East elevation



Photo 8: West elevation





Photo 9: Full depth crack at top of wall (full exposed length)



Photo 10: Soffit patch repairs (typical)





Photo 11: Crack and staining in patch repair (delaminated)



Photo 12: Spall in southeast wall face





Photo 13: East end minor scour



Photo 14: Saw cut in soffit not patched





Photo 15: Rust Staining on Soffit



Photo 16: Asphalt Wearing Surface above Culvert





Photo 17: South Box Watercourse



Photo 18: North Box Watercourse





Photo 19: Upstream of Culvert



Photo 20: Downstream of Culvert

